Please check the examination det	tails bel	ow before ente	ring your candidate information
Candidate surname			Other names
Pearson Edexcel International GCSE	Cen	tre Number	Candidate Number
Time 2 hours		Paper reference	4AC1/01
Accounting			
Level 1/2 PAPER 1: Introduction to Bookkeeping and Accounting			
You do not need any other materials.  Total Marks			

### **Instructions**

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer all questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
  - there may be more space than you need.
- Calculators may be used.

#### Information

- The total mark for this paper is 100.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
  - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

### **Advice**

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.
- Good luck with your examination.

Turn over ▶





### **SECTION A**

Answer ALL questions in this section. Write your answers in the spaces provided.

For questions 1–10, choose an answer A, B, C or D, and put a cross in the box  $\boxtimes$ . If you change your mind about an answer, put a line through the box  $\boxtimes$  and then mark your new answer with a cross  $\boxtimes$ .

			your new answer with a cross		
1	A tr	ade	r issues a credit note. Where would he record it?		
	A Purchases day book				
	×	В	Purchases returns day book		
	☑ C Sales day book				
	×	D	Sales returns day book		
			(Total for Question 1 = 1 mark)		
2	Wh	ere a	are the personal accounts of customers buying goods on credit maintained?		
	X	Α	Purchases day book		
	×	В	Sales day book		
	×	C	Trade payables ledger		
	×	D	Trade receivables ledger		
			(Total for Question 2 = 1 mark)		
3	Wh	ere a	are the entries in the purchases day book taken from?		
	×	Α	Credit notes		
	×	В	Purchase invoices		
	X	C	Purchase order		
	×	D	Statement of account		
			(Total for Question 3 = 1 mark)		

	acco				
	×	A	Amounts paid to credit suppliers		
	X	Contra with the trade receivables ledger control account			
	×	C	Discount received from credit suppliers		
	×	D	Interest charged on late payment		
			(Total for Question 4 = 1 mark)		
,	Whe	re w	ould the total discounts on the debit side of a cash book be posted?		
	×		Credit discounts allowed		
	X	В	Credit discounts received		
	X	c	Debit discounts allowed		
	X	_			
	_	D	Debit discounts received		
		U	Debit discounts received (Total for Question 5 = 1 mark)		
			(Total for Question 5 = 1 mark)		
		ch d			
	Whi	ch d	(Total for Question 5 = 1 mark) ocument from a supplier reduces the amount owed by a customer?		
	Whic	ch d	(Total for Question 5 = 1 mark)  ocument from a supplier reduces the amount owed by a customer?  Credit note		
	Whice	ch d A B	(Total for Question 5 = 1 mark)  ocument from a supplier reduces the amount owed by a customer?  Credit note Invoice		
	Whice	ch d A B C	(Total for Question 5 = 1 mark)  ocument from a supplier reduces the amount owed by a customer?  Credit note Invoice  Purchase order		
	Whice	A B C D	(Total for Question 5 = 1 mark)  ocument from a supplier reduces the amount owed by a customer?  Credit note Invoice Purchase order  Statement  (Total for Question 6 = 1 mark)		
	Whice	A B C D	(Total for Question 5 = 1 mark)  ocument from a supplier reduces the amount owed by a customer?  Credit note Invoice Purchase order Statement  (Total for Question 6 = 1 mark)		
	Whice	ch d A B C D	(Total for Question 5 = 1 mark)  ocument from a supplier reduces the amount owed by a customer?  Credit note Invoice Purchase order Statement  (Total for Question 6 = 1 mark)  ccount always has a credit balance?  Carriage inwards		
	Whice	ch d A B C D	(Total for Question 5 = 1 mark)  ocument from a supplier reduces the amount owed by a customer?  Credit note Invoice Purchase order Statement  (Total for Question 6 = 1 mark)  ccount always has a credit balance?  Carriage inwards  Carriage outwards		
7	Whice	ch d A B C D	(Total for Question 5 = 1 mark)  ocument from a supplier reduces the amount owed by a customer?  Credit note Invoice Purchase order Statement  (Total for Question 6 = 1 mark)  ccount always has a credit balance?  Carriage inwards		



- **8** Where would the purchase of a motor vehicle on credit be recorded?
  - A Cash book
  - **B** Journal
  - C Petty cash book
  - **D** Purchases day book

(Total for Question 8 = 1 mark)

**9** Barney has \$25 left in the petty cash box and vouchers totalling \$35.

How much does Barney need to restore the imprest to \$60?

- **■ B** \$25

(Total for Question 9 = 1 mark)

**10** A payment for rent, \$20, had been posted to the credit of the rent received account.

Which entry would correct the error?

		Debit		Credit	
×	Α	Rent paid Rent received	\$20 \$20	Suspense	\$40
X	В	Rent received	\$20	Suspense	\$20
×	c	Suspense	\$20	Rent paid	\$20
X	D	Suspense	\$40	Rent paid Rent received	\$20 \$20

(Total for Question 10 = 1 mark)



# **11** Complete the document.

(5)

	Invoice DH Trading 25 Swallow Lane Birmingham B27 3MH			
	Myhill Co Westwood Road Invoice No 1503			
Beverley HU17 7AB		Date 14 July 202	20	
Quantity	Description	Unit Cost \$	Total Cost \$	
150	Packing cases	6.80		
48	Rolls of tape	2.50		
Subtotal				
Trade discount 25%				
Total	Total			

(Total for Question 11 = 5 marks)

- **12** At 30 September 2020 the balance of Rashida's trade receivables ledger control account was \$39 650. A debt of \$730 due from Lee was irrecoverable.
  - (a) Prepare a journal entry in Rashida's books to write off the irrecoverable debt. A narrative is not required.

(2)

Date	Account	Debit \$	Credit \$
30/09/20			

Rashida maintains a provision for irrecoverable debts of 5% of trade receivables.

At 1 October 2019 the balance of the provision for irrecoverable debts account was \$1 635.

(b) Calculate the increase or decrease in the provision for irrecoverable debts at 30 September 2020.

(2)

(c) State in which section of the statement of financial position the provision for irrecoverable debts would appear.

(1)

(Total for Question 12 = 5 marks)

13 (a) State two benefits of preparations of p	aring a bank reconciliation statement.	(2)
2		
(b) Define the following terms	<b>5.</b>	(3)
Term	Definition	
Unpresented cheques		
Outstanding lodgements		
Dishonoured cheque		
	(Total for Question 13	3 = 5 marks)

**TOTAL FOR SECTION A = 25 MARKS** 



## **SECTION B**

## Answer ALL questions in this section. Write your answers in the spaces provided.

14	(a)	State <b>one</b> advantage and <b>one</b> disadvantage of preparing a trial balance.	

(2)

Dis	sac	dva	nta	ge

Advantage

(b) Complete the table, using a tick (✓), to identify in which column of the trial balance each item would be entered. The first item has been completed as an example.

(10)

	Debit	Credit
Inventory	<b>✓</b>	
Bank overdraft		
Carriage inwards		
Discount received		
Drawings		
Equity		
Machinery – provision for depreciation		
Provision for irrecoverable debts		
Rent received		
Returns inwards		
Trade receivables		

(c) Identify the type of error in **each** scenario.

(3)

Scenario	Type of error
A payment for general expenses had been posted to the drawings account.	
A payment for stationery had been posted to the rent paid account.	
An invoice for \$320 had been recorded in the purchases day book as \$230.	

(Total for Question 14 = 15 marks)

**15** Lee maintains a three-column cash book. On 1 August 2020 the balances were: bank overdraft \$248, cash \$45

The following transactions took place in August 2020.

August	Transaction
3	Paid by direct debit to Mobilecom, \$115
8	Cash sales, \$1 420
9	Paid cash into the bank, \$800
16	Paid Sophia by cheque, \$475, in full settlement of an invoice after taking 5% cash discount.
23	Received a cheque from Folan, a credit customer, \$225
28	Paid wages by cash, \$540
29	Received notice from the bank that the cheque from Folan, \$225, had been dishonoured.
30	Received a cheque from Chan in full settlement of an invoice for \$880. Chan had taken a 5% cash discount.

(a) Enter the above transactions in the three-column cash book on page **11**. Balance the cash book at 31 August 2020 and bring the balances down on 1 September 2020.

(15)

Cash book

Bank \$					
Cash \$					
Discount \$					
Details					
Date 2020					
Bank \$					
Cash \$					
Discount \$					
Details					
Date 2020					

(Total for Question 15 = 15 marks)

**16** Eldin provided the following information relating to his trade receivables ledger control account for the month ended 31 August 2020.

	\$
Credit sales	29 535
Customer overpayment refunded by cheque	160
Discount allowed	984
Interest charged	119
Irrecoverable debts	597
Receipts from credit customers	36 250
Returns inwards	380
Trade payables set-off	665
Credit balances at 31 August 2020	240

(a) Prepare the trade receivables ledger control account for the month ended 31 August 2020. Balance the account on this date and bring the balances down at 1 September 2020.

(10)

## **Trade Receivables Ledger Control Account**

Date 2020	Details	\$	Date 2020	Details	\$
Aug 1	Balance b/d	46 220			

Eldin currently makes all of his sales on a credit basis. He is considering making cash		
sales only in the future.		
(b) Explain <b>one</b> advantage and <b>one</b> disadvantage of this proposal and advise Eldin whether or not he should make the change.	(5)	
		•••
(Total for Question 16 = 15 ma	ırks)	

**17** During the year ended 30 September 2020 the following cheque payments were made for rent at \$300 per month.

Date paid	Period covered
1 November 2019	1 September 2019 to 31 December 2019
1 January 2020	1 January 2020 to 30 June 2020
1 July 2020	1 July 2020 to 31 December 2020

(a) Prepare the rent payable account for the year ended 30 September 2020. Balance the account on that date and bring the balance down on 1 October 2020.

(5)

## **Rent Payable Account**

Date	Details	\$ Date	Details	\$

W	ould appear in the statement	e balance of the rent payable account in part (a) s of financial position at:	
(i)	30 September 2019		(2)
(ii)	30 September 2020		(2)
•••••			
Sta	ate <b>three</b> accounting concep	ts together with a brief description of each.	(6)
Sta	ate <b>three</b> accounting concept  Accounting concept	ts together with a brief description of each.  Description	(6)
Sta			(6)

(Total for Question 17 = 15 marks)

		(3)
	Revenue expenditure	Capital expenditure
Machine delivery		
Machine installation		
Machine operatives' wages		

**18** (a) Identify, indicating with a tick (✓), how **each** would be classified.

(b) Explain what distinguishes revenue expenditure from Capital expenditure.	(5)

Hunter started in business on 1 April 2018. On that date he purchased Machine A fo
\$26 000 and on 1 December 2018 he purchased Machine B for \$16 000.

Depreciation is charged at 10% per annum using the reducing balance method.

A full year's depreciation is charged in the year of purchase and none in the year of disposal.

(c) Calculate the balance on the machinery – provision for depreciation account at 31 March 2019.

(1)

On 1 January 2020 Hunter sold Machine A for \$18 000

(d) Calculate the profit or loss on the disposal of Machine A.

(2)

(e) Prepare the machinery – provision for depreciation account for the year ended 31 March 2020. Balance the account on this date and bring the balance down on 1 April 2020.

(4)

## **Machinery – Provision for Depreciation Account**

Date	Details	\$ Date	Details	\$

(Total for Question 18 = 15 marks)

TOTAL FOR SECTION B = 75 MARKS TOTAL FOR PAPER = 100 MARKS



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